



# Illumination

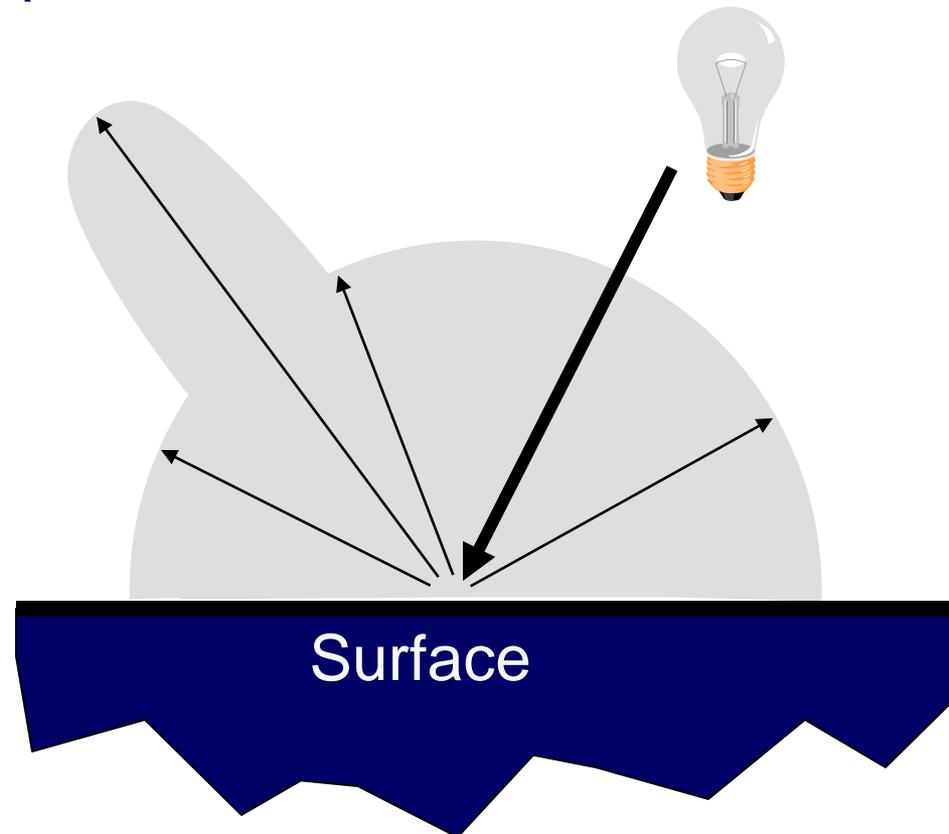
COS 426

# OpenGL Reflectance Model



- Simple analytic model:
  - diffuse reflection +
  - specular reflection +
  - emission +
  - “ambient”

Based on model  
proposed by Phong

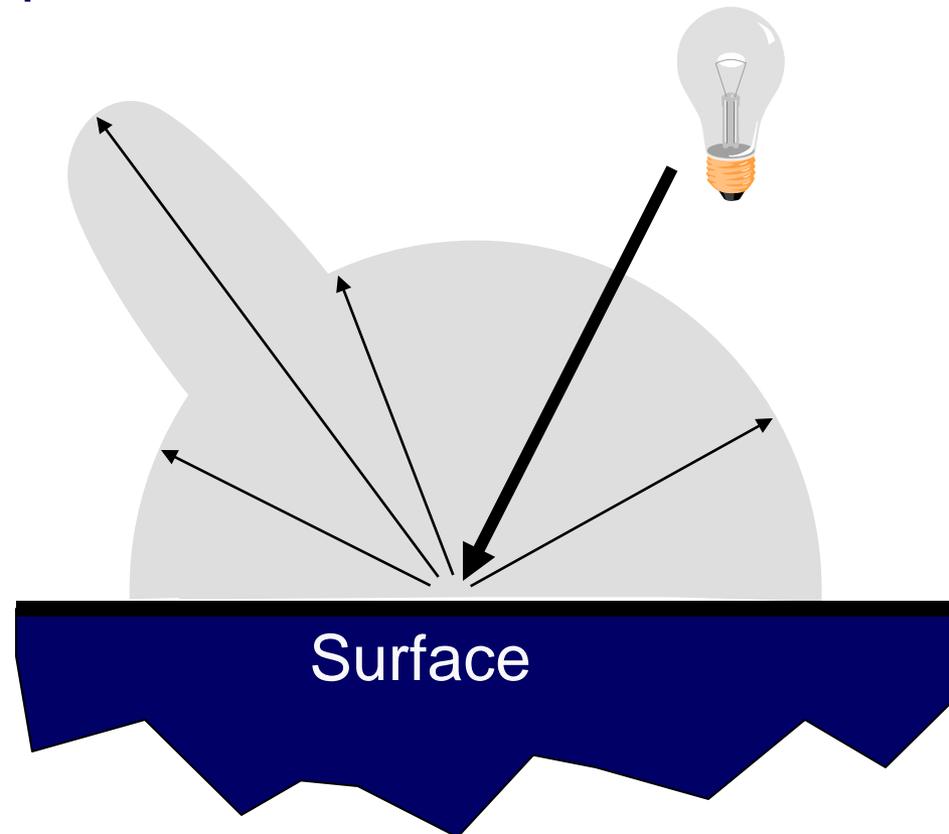


# OpenGL Reflectance Model



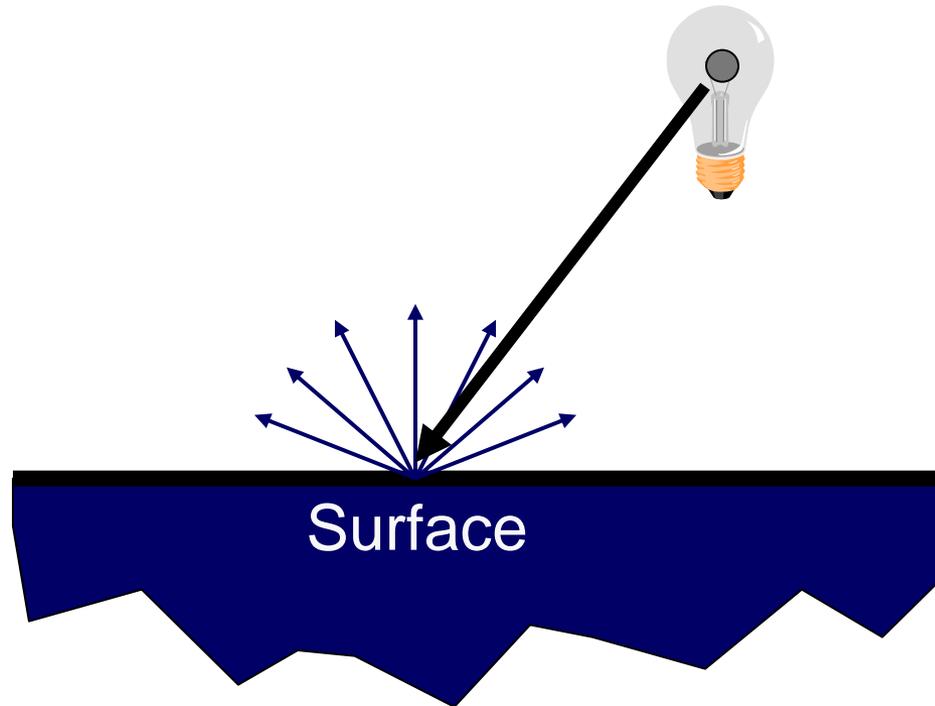
- Simple analytic model:
  - diffuse reflection +
  - specular reflection +
  - emission +
  - “ambient”

Based on model  
proposed by Phong



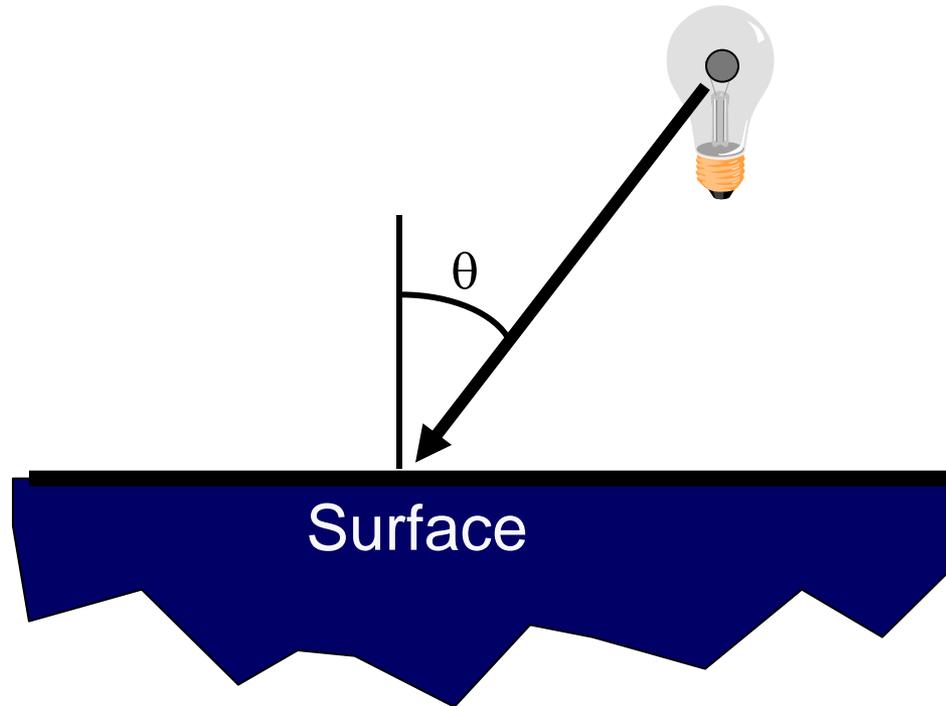
# Diffuse Reflection

- Assume surface reflects equally in all directions
  - Examples: chalk, clay



# Diffuse Reflection

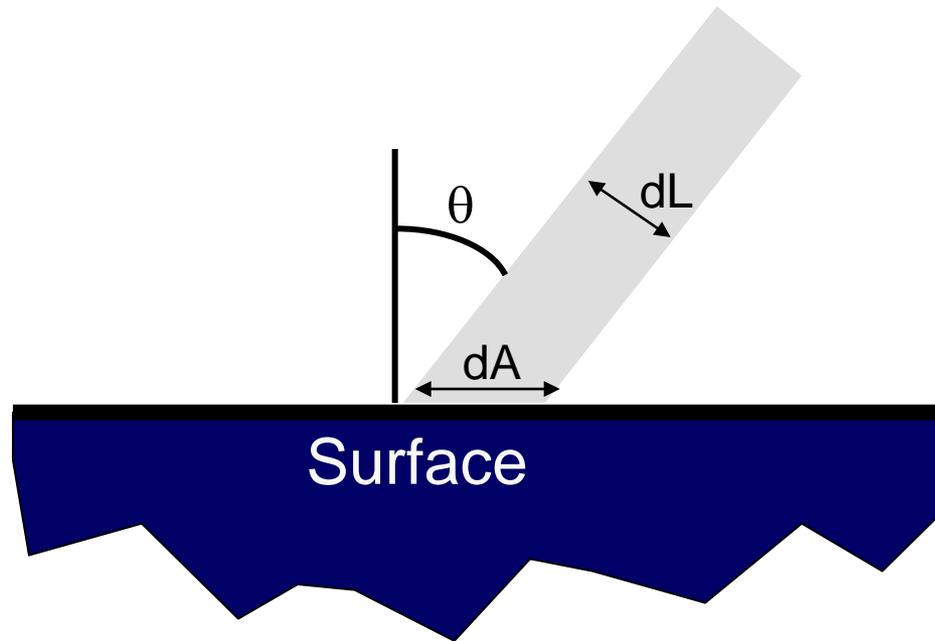
- How much light is reflected?
  - Depends on angle of incident light



# Diffuse Reflection

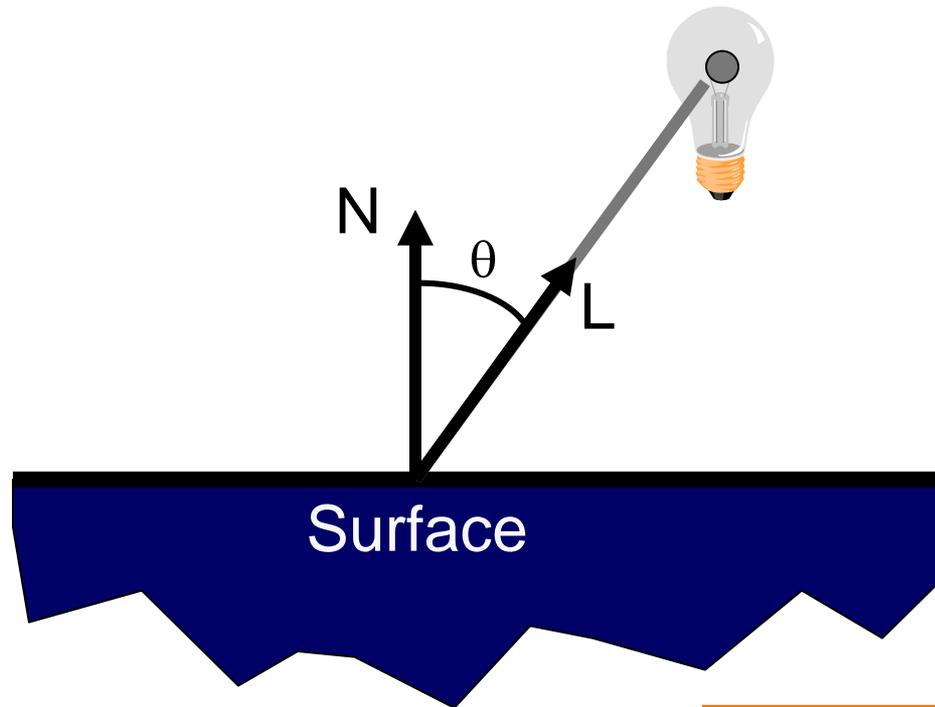
- How much light is reflected?
  - Depends on angle of incident light

$$dL = dA \cos \Theta$$



# Diffuse Reflection

- Lambertian model
  - cosine law (dot product)

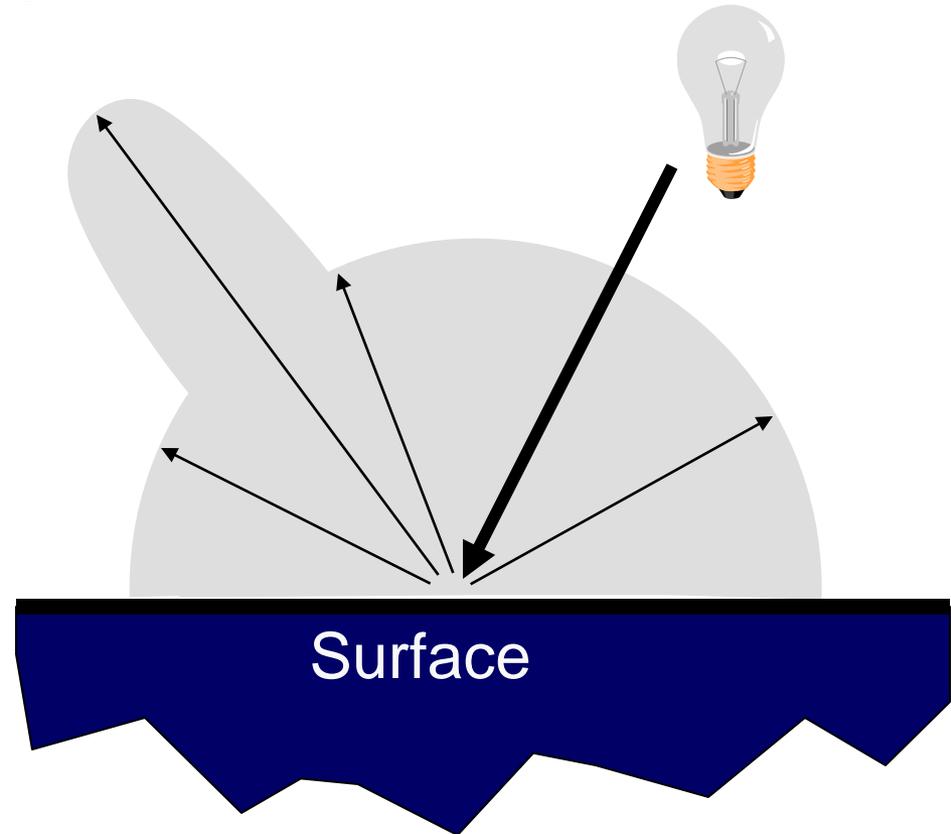


$$I_D = K_D (N \cdot L) I_L$$

# OpenGL Reflectance Model



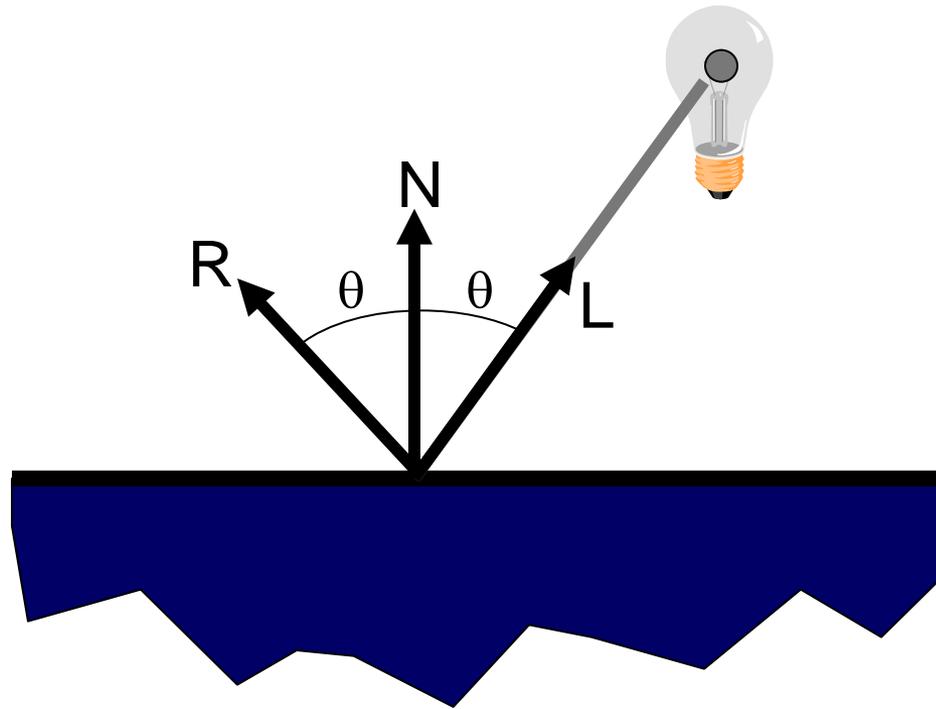
- Simple analytic model:
  - diffuse reflection +
  - specular reflection +
  - emission +
  - “ambient”



# Specular Reflection



- Reflection is strongest near mirror angle
  - Examples: mirrors, metals

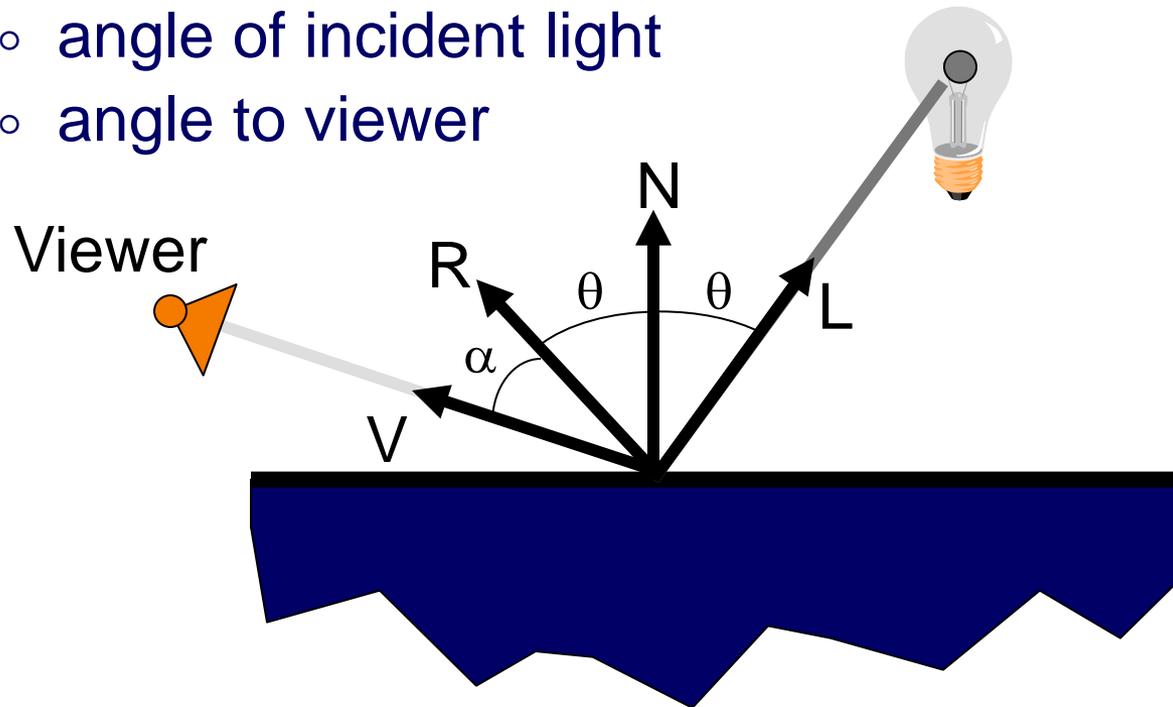


# Specular Reflection

How much light is seen?

Depends on:

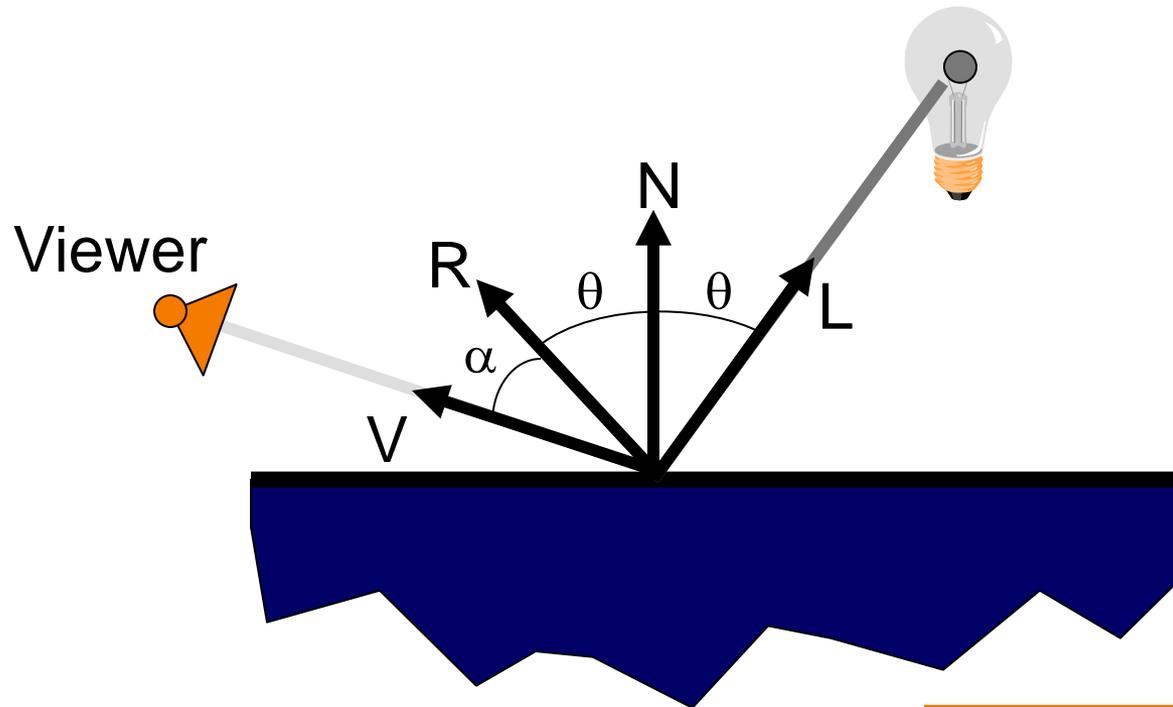
- angle of incident light
- angle to viewer



# Specular Reflection

- Phong Model
  - $\cos(\alpha)^n$

This is a physically-motivated hack!

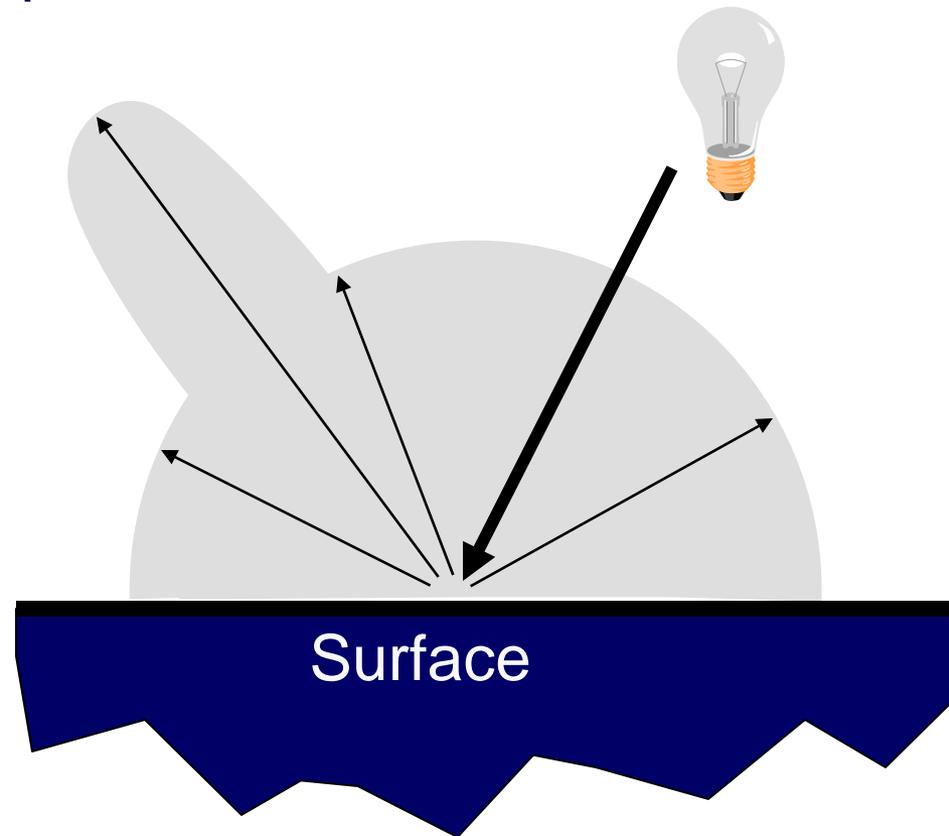


$$I_S = K_S (V \cdot R)^n I_L$$

# OpenGL Reflectance Model



- Simple analytic model:
  - diffuse reflection +
  - specular reflection +
  - **emission** +
  - “ambient”





# Emission

- Represents light emanating directly from polygon
  - Note: does not automatically act as light source!  
Does not affect other surfaces in scene!

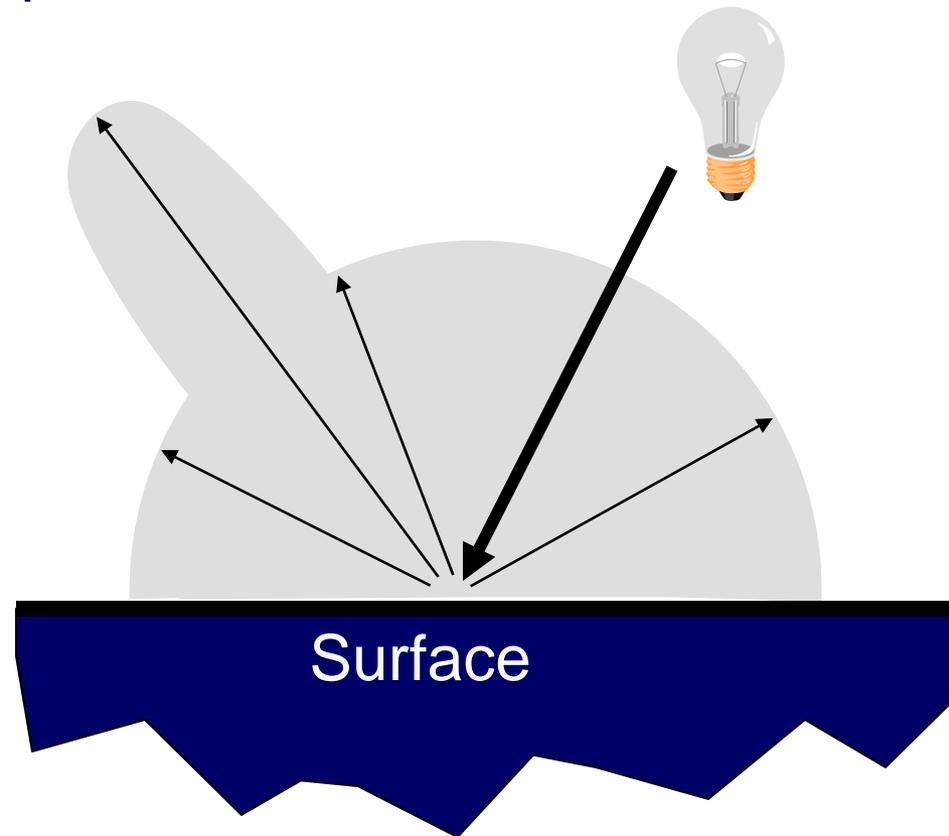


Emission  $\neq 0$

# OpenGL Reflectance Model



- Simple analytic model:
  - diffuse reflection +
  - specular reflection +
  - emission +
  - “ambient”



# Ambient Term



- Represents reflection of all indirect illumination

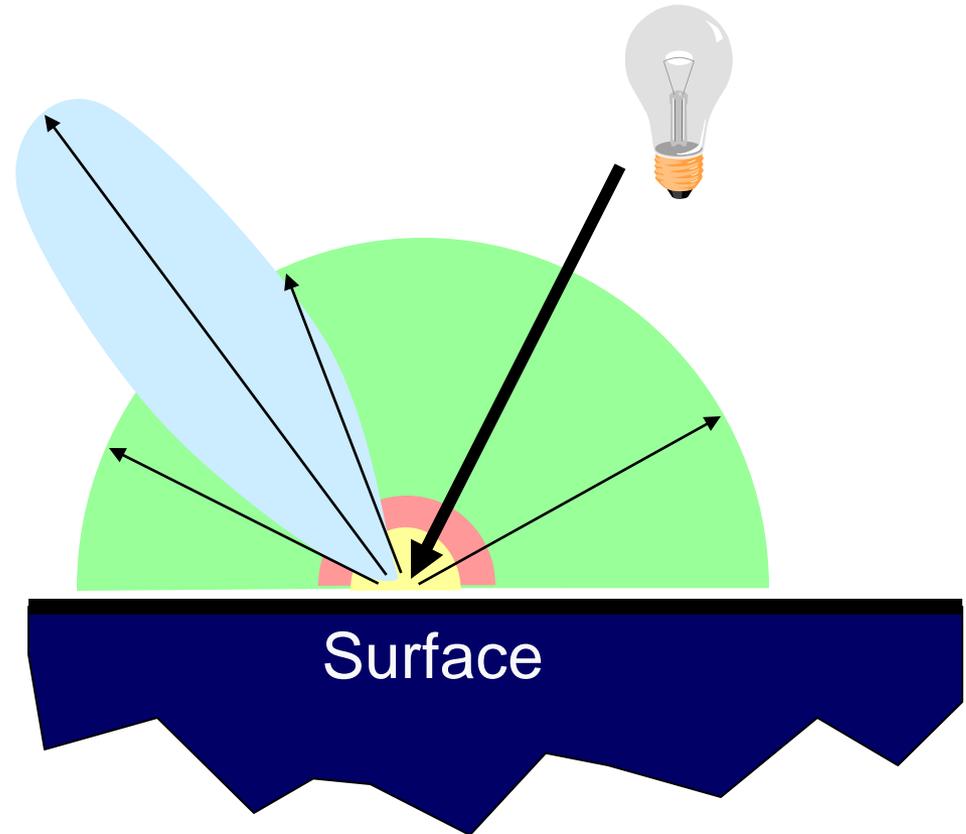


This is a total hack (avoids complexity of global illumination)!

# OpenGL Reflectance Model



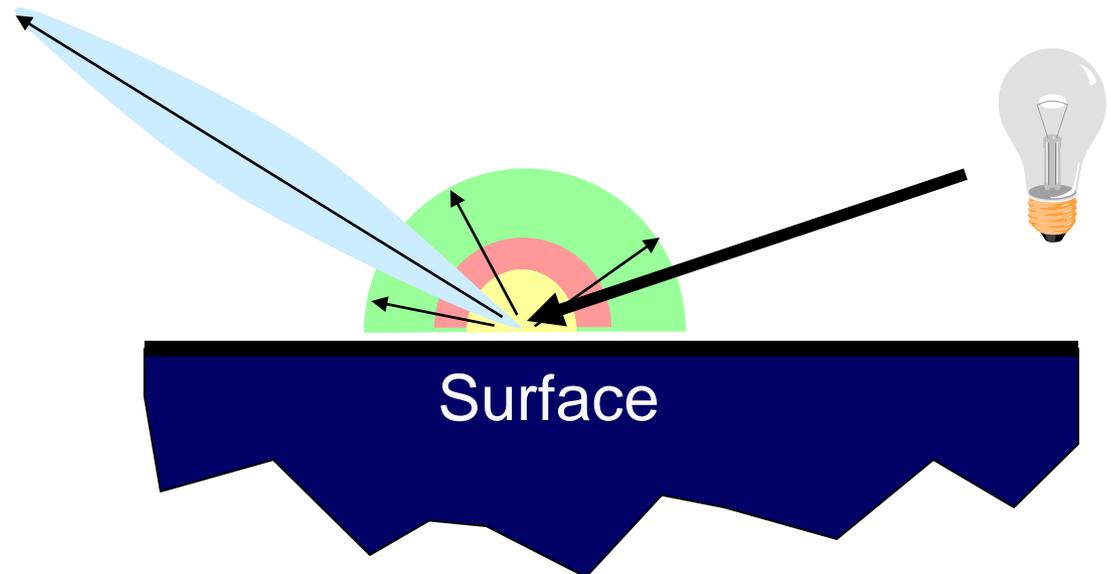
- Simple analytic model:
  - diffuse reflection +
  - specular reflection +
  - emission +
  - “ambient”



# OpenGL Reflectance Model



- Simple analytic model:
  - diffuse reflection +
  - specular reflection +
  - emission +
  - “ambient”



# OpenGL Reflectance Model



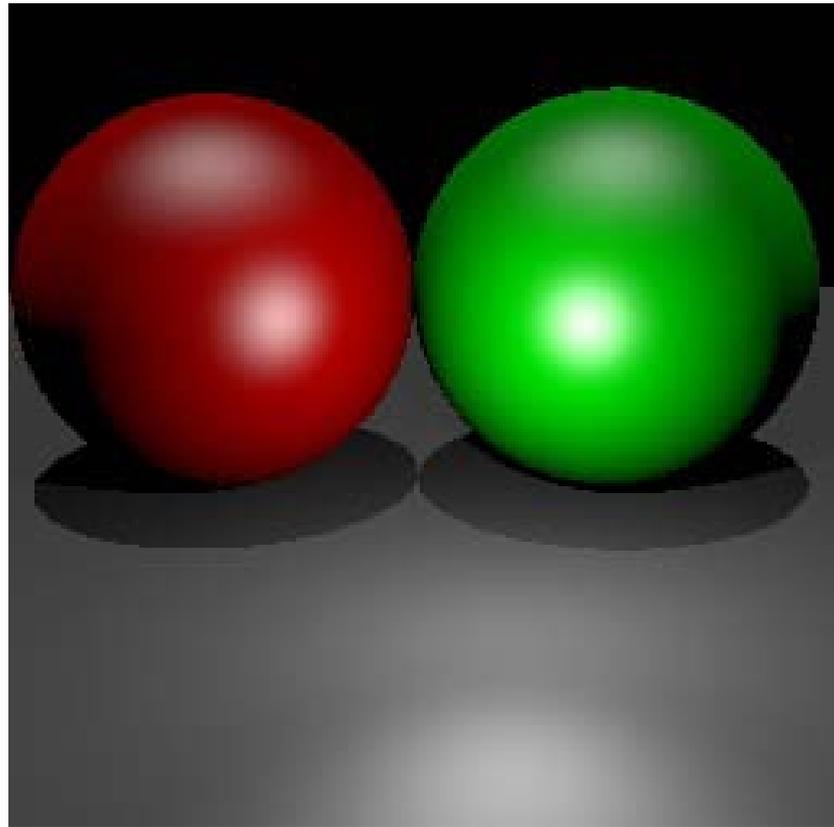
- Sum diffuse, specular, emission, and ambient

Phong	$\rho_{\text{ambient}}$	$\rho_{\text{diffuse}}$	$\rho_{\text{specular}}$	$\rho_{\text{total}}$
$\phi_i = 60^\circ$				
$\phi_i = 25^\circ$				
$\phi_i = 0^\circ$				

# OpenGL Reflectance Model

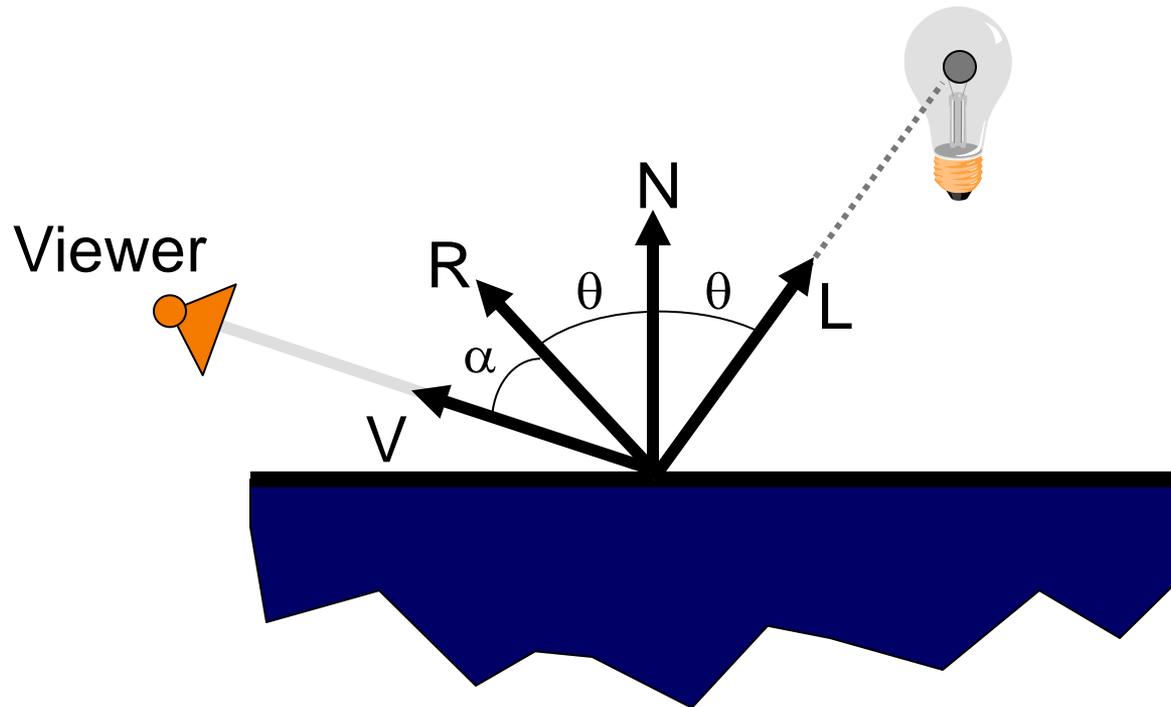


- OK for plastic surfaces, ...



# Direct Illumination Calculation

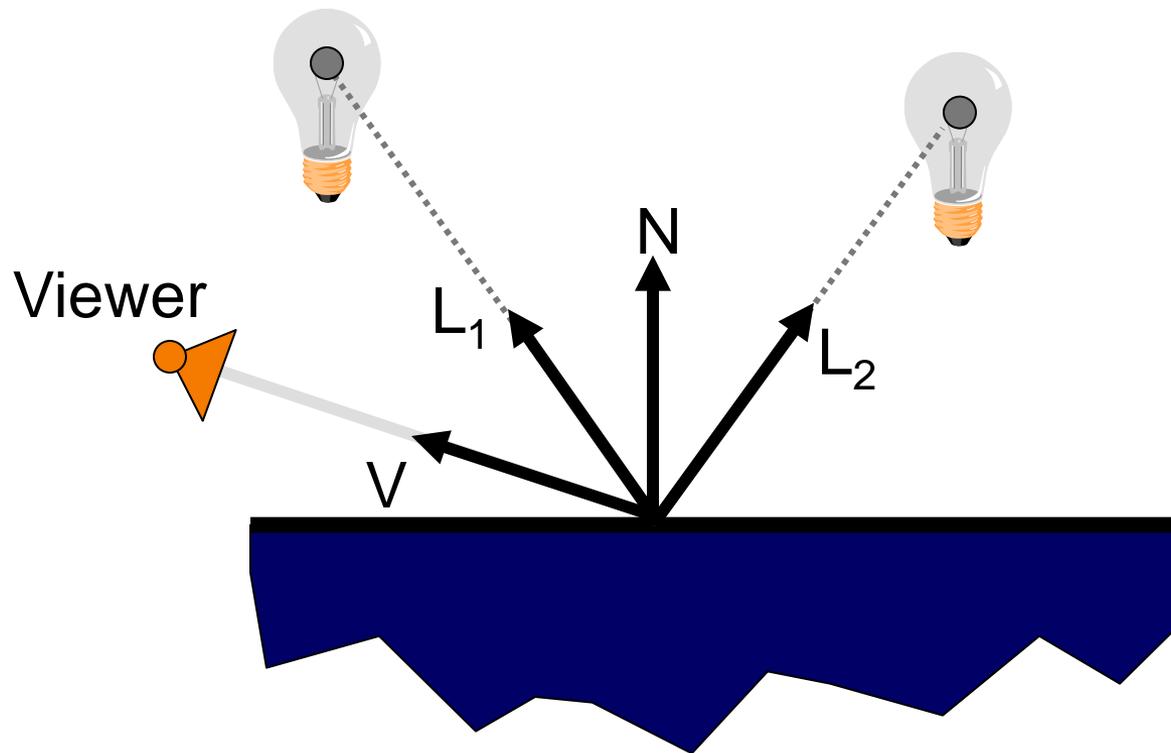
- Single light source:



$$I = I_E + K_A I_{AL} + K_D (N \cdot L) I_L + K_S (V \cdot R)^n I_L$$

# Direct Illumination Calculation

- Multiple light sources:

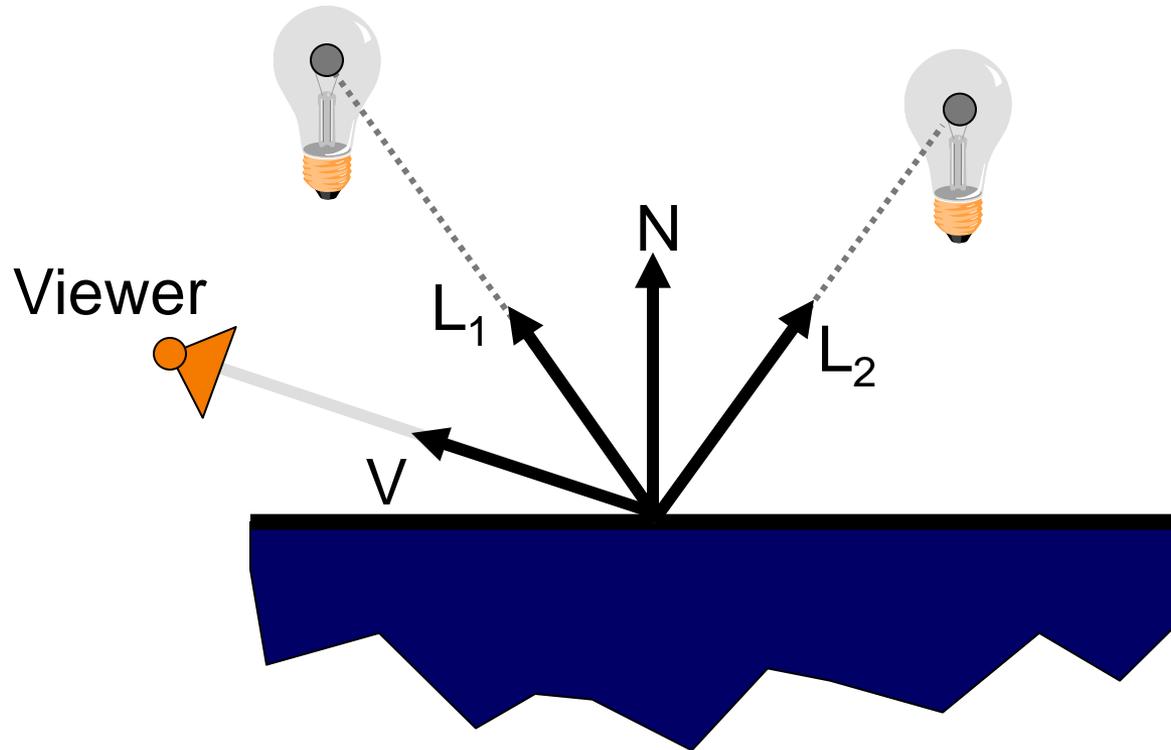


$$I = I_E + K_A I_{AL} + \sum_i (K_D (N \cdot L_i) I_i + K_S (V \cdot R_i)^n I_i)$$



# Direct Illumination Calculation

- Multiple light sources:



Note:  
this is  
shorthand  
for  
( $I_r, I_g, I_b$ )

$$I = I_E + K_A I_{AL} + \sum_i (K_D (N \cdot L_i) I_i + K_S (V \cdot R_i)^n I_i)$$